



Results of Tourism Activity

Mexico, August 2016



Undersecretariat of Planning and Tourism Policy

Reporting Date: October 12, 2016

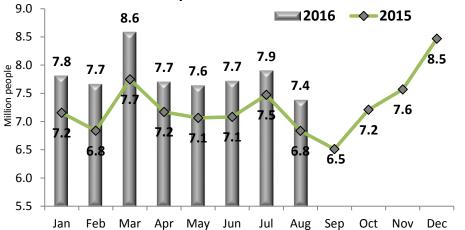




International visitors

Chart 1. Bank of Mexico reported that the arrival of international travelers during the January-August period of 2016 was 62.4 million, which represents an increase of 8.8%. In August 2016, 7.4 million travelers arrived, 8.0% more than the number registered in the same month last year (6.8 million travelers). This is the highest level for August since 2010.

Chart 1. Monthly Arrival of International Visitors



January- August	Million visitors	Change %
2015	57.4	
2016	62.4	8.8%

* NOTE: In the charts, the sum of monthly data may not correspond to the cumulative period, due to rounding.

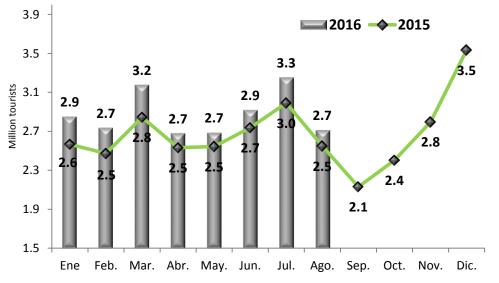
Source: Balance of payments, Banco de México.

http://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/VisitantesInternacionales.aspx

International tourists

Chart 2. The arrival of international tourists during January-August of 2016 was 23.0 million, an increase of 8.4%. In August 2016, international tourists arrivals reached 2.7 millions, which represents an annual increase of 6.5%. This is the highest number for August since 2010.

Chart 2. Monthly Arrival of International Tourists



January- August	Million tourists	Change %
2015	21.2	
2016	23.0	8.4%

Source: Balance of payments, Banco de México.

http://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/VisitantesInternacionales.aspx

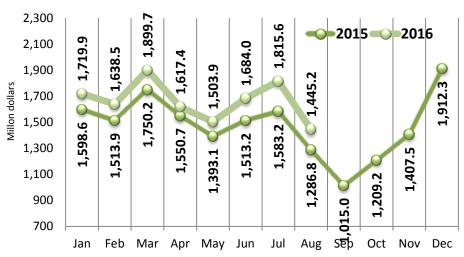




Foreign Currency Income by International visitors

Chart 3. The income of foreign exchange from international visitors during January-August of 2016 was 13,324 million, an increase of 9.3%.

Chart 3. Montly Income of Foreing Currency to Mexico from International Visitors



January- August	Million dollars	Change %
2015	12,190	
2016	13,324	9.3%

Source: Balance of payments, Banco de México.

http://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/VisitantesInternacionales.aspx

Tourism Balance by International visitors

Chart 4. The balance of international visitors during January-August of 2016 recorded 6,714 million, an amount 19.7% above of the observed in the same period of 2015. The balance is composed of the foreign exchange earnings of international travelers minus total spending of national travelers abroad.

Chart 4. Monthly Result of Tourism Balance from



 January-August
 Million dollars
 Change %

 2015
 5,610

 2016
 6,714
 19.7%

Source: Balance of payments, Banco de México.





Average Expenditure of International tourists by air

Chart 5. The average monthly expenditure of international tourists by air was 939.9 dollars during January-August 2016, the same value compared to January-August 2015. Among the factors explaining this evolution are: the appreciation of the dollar against the Mexican peso.

Chart 5. Average Expenditure (international



JanuaryAugust Dollars Change
%

2015 939.9

2016 939.9 0.0%

Source: Balance of payments, Banco de México.

http://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/VisitantesInternacionales.aspx

Foreign Visitors by air (main countries of residence)

Chart 6. In January-August of 2016, the arrival of foreign aircoming visitors who reside in the **United States**, accounted for **60.7%**.

From Latin America and the Caribbean, the country of residence with the highest number of foreign arrivals into México was **Argentina** with **2.3%** of total.



Note: Figures refers to events because the same person may have entered the country in more than one occasion. "Other" includes the remaining countries, the "unspecified" and the "Foreigners with residence in Mexico".

 $Source: Migration\ Policy\ Unit,\ SEGOB.$

http://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/Visitantes%20Por%20Nacionalidad.aspx





6,001,952

6,726,593

12.1%

Change

-1.0%

2015

2016

2015

2016

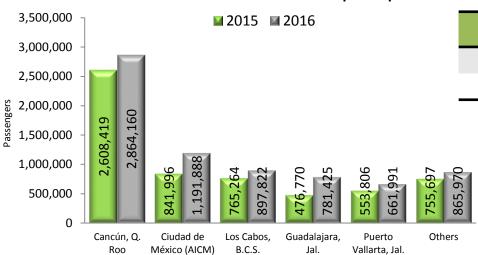
1,208,108

1,196,084

Foreign passengers arriving by Air (American)

Chart 7. American residents who arrived by air to Mexico increased 12.1% in January-August 2016 in comparison to the same period 2015, reaching 6.7 million passengers who arrived mainly by Cancun Airport, followed by Mexico City Airport.

Chart 7. American Residents per Airport



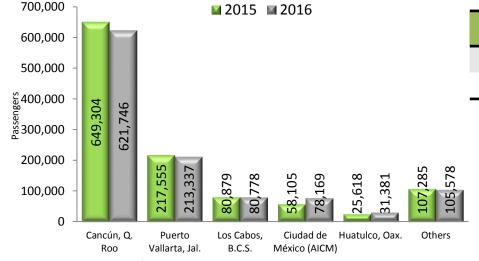
Source: Migration Policy Unit, SEGOB.

http://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/Visitantes%20Por%20Residencia.aspx

Foreign passengers arriving by Air (Canadian)

Chart 8. Canadian residents who arrived by air to México were 1.0% lower during January-August of 2016 in comparison with the same period of 2015, reaching 1,196,084 passengers who arrived mainly by Cancun Airport, followed by Puerto Vallarta Airport.

Chart 8. Canadian Residents per Airport



Source: Migration Policy Unit, SEGOB.

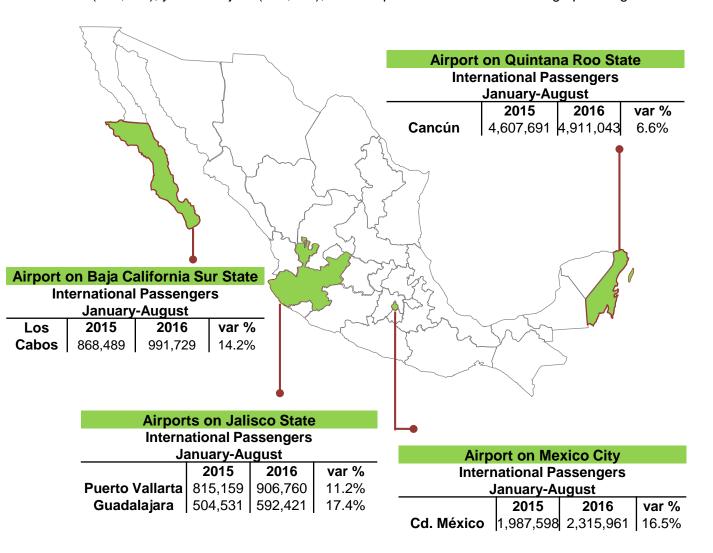
http://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/Visitantes%20Por%20Residencia.aspx





Main airports

Figure 1. In January-August 2016 the airports with the highest number of foreign passengers were: Cancún (4,911,043); Ciudad de México (2,315,961); Cabo San Lucas (991,729); Puerto Vallarta (906,760); y Guadalajara (592,421); which represents 90.5% of all foreign passengers.



Source: Migration Policy Unit, SEGOB.

 $\underline{http://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/Visitantes\%20Por\%20Residencia.aspx}$

Note: Figures refers to events because the same person may have entered the country in more than one occasion. From this date only the residence of international passengers is considered and the nationality of the passengers is not longer used.





Percentage of Hotel Occupation

Chart 9. The percentage of hotel occupation of a group of 70 resorts during January-August of 2016 was 61.3%, 0.6 percentage points higher in comparison to the same period last year.

Source: Information of 70 resorts monitored by the Mexico's Tourism Information Statistics National

http://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/ActividadHotelera.aspx

Arrival of tourists to Hotels

Chart 10. During January-August of 2016, the arrival of domestic tourists to hotel rooms was over 36.8 million tourists (74.2%), the remaining arrivals (25.8%) correspond to foreign tourists.

49.6 50.0 46.5 (74.2%)44.0 36.8 38.0 35.2 Million of tourist 32.0 ■ January-August 2015 26.0 (25.8.%)■ January-August 20.0 12.8 2016 14.0 11.3 8.0 2.0 **Domestic Foreing Total**

Chart 10. Arrivals of tourist to hotel rooms

Source: Information of 70 resorts monitored by the Mexico's Tourism Information Statistics National System, DataTur.

http://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/ActividadHotelera.aspx

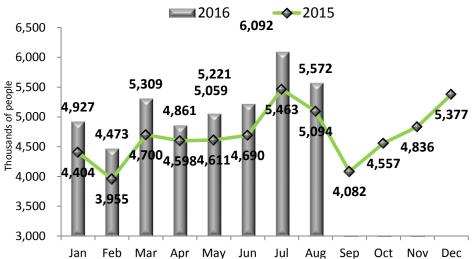




Air Transportation

Chart 11. The number of passengers arriving by air during January-August 2016 was 41.5 million passengers, representing three million 999 thousand passengers additional (10.7%) in comparison to the same period last year.

Chart 11. Total air Passengers

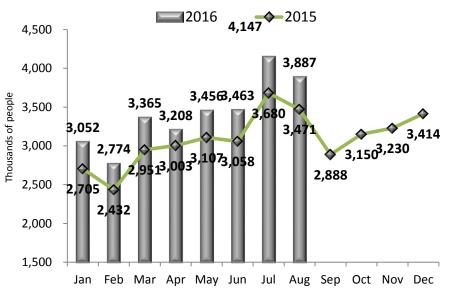


January- August	Million passengers	Change %
2015	37.5	
2016	41.5	10.7%

Source: General Coordination of Ports and Merchant Navy, Ministry of Communication and Transportation (SCT). http://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/Actividades%20En%20Crucero.aspx

Chart 12. The number of passengers arriving by air on domestic flights during January-August 2016 was 27.3 million passengers, representing 2.9 millions of additional passengers (12.1%), in comparison to the same period of the last year.

Chart 12. Passengers in Domestic Flights



January- August	Million passengers	Change %
2015	24.4	
2016	27.3	12.1%

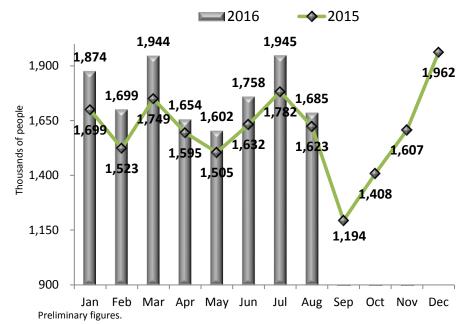
Source: General Coordination of Ports and Merchant Navy, Ministry of Communication and Transportation (SCT). http://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/Actividades%20En%20Crucero.aspx





Chart 13. In January-August of 2016, the number of passengers arriving by air on international flights increased 8.0%, with 14.2 million passengers, exceeding for one million passengers the amount of January-August of 2015.

Chart 13. Passengers on International Flights



JanuaryAugust Passengers Million Change %

2015 13.1

2016 14.2 8.0%

Source: Airports and Auxiliary Services.

http://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/TrasnAerea.aspx

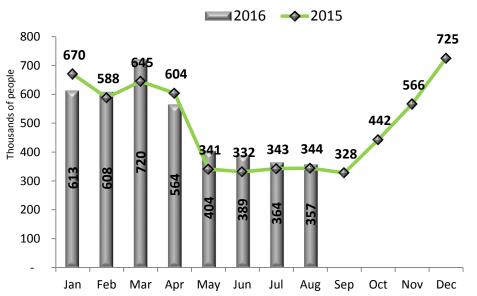




Maritime transportation

Chart 17. During January-August 2016, the number of cruise passengers was 4.0 million passengers; this is an increase of 3.9% in comparison to the same period of last year.

Chart 17. Monthly Arrival of Passengers by Cruise

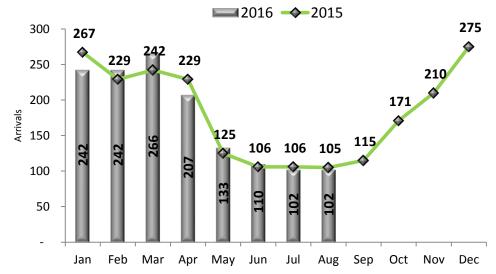


January- August	Thousand pasengers	Change %
2015	3,867.3	
2016	4,019.2	3.9%

Source: Directorate General of Ports and Merchant Navy, Ministry of Communication and Transportation (SCT). http://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/Actividades%20En%20Crucero.aspx

Chart 18. The number of cruise's arrivals in January-August 2016 decreased by five, reaching 1.4 thousands, an decrease of 0.4% with respect to the same period of previous year.

Chart 18, Monthly Cruise's Arrivals



January- August	Arrivals	Change %
2015	1,409	
2016	1,404	-0.4%

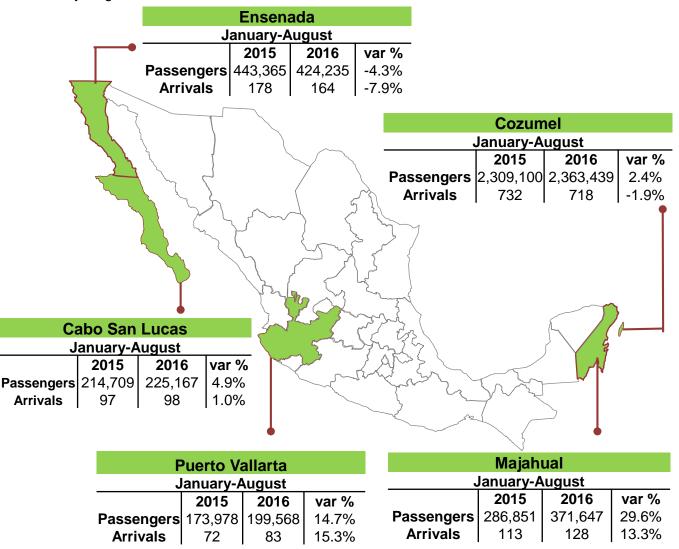
Source: Directorate General of Ports and Merchant Navy, Ministry of Communication and Transportation (SCT). http://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/Actividades%20En%20Crucero.aspx





Main ports

Figure 2. In January-August 2016 the ports that received the highest number of passengers were the following: Cozumel, Ensenada and Majahual; representing 78.6% of total arrivals during January-August 2016.



Source: Directorate General of Ports and Merchant Navy, Ministry of Communication and Transportation (SCT). http://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/Actividades%20En%20Crucero.aspx





	RESULTS OF TOURISM ACTIVITY							
	REGOLIO		anuary-Dece		Change %	Accumulated (January-August)	Change %
Subject	Unit of measurement	2013	2014	2015	15/14	2015	2016	16/15
	International trav				10,14	2010	2010	10/10
Inbound traveler expenditures	Million dollars	13,949.0	16,208.4	17,733.7	9.4%	12,189.8	13,324.2	9.3%
Outbound traveler expenditures	Million dollars	9,122.4	9,605.8	10,098.1	5.1%	6,578.9	6,609.8	0.5%
International travelers balance	Million dollars	4,826.6	6,602.6	7,635.6	15.6%	5,610.9	6,714.4	19.7%
	International trave	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,	101070	0,01010	0,7 1 11 1	1011 70
		of travelers	•	·,				
International visitors	Thousand	78,100.2	81,042.1	87,128.6	7.5%	57,369.3	62,402.2	8.8%
International tourists	Thousand	24,150.5	29,345.6	32,093.3	9.4%	21,230.6	23,013.2	8.4%
Long-stay tourists	Thousand	14,561.9	15,999.9	18,307.2	14.4%	12,131.7	13,582.4	12.0%
Border tourists	Thousand	9,588.6	13,345.7	13,786.1	3.3%	9.098.9	9,430.8	3.6%
Same-day travelers	Thousand	53,949.7	51,696.5	55,035.3	6.5%	36,138.7	39,389.0	9.0%
In border area travelers	Thousand	49,394.2	45,911.2	48,920.5	6.6%	32,152.6	35,173.5	9.4%
In cruises travelers	Thousand	4,555.4	5,785.2	6,114.8	5.7%	3,986.1	4,215.5	5.8%
in ordiood travoloro	Inbound travele			<u> </u>	0.1 70	0,000.1	1,210.0	0.070
International visitors	Million dollars	13,949.0	16,208.4	17,733.7	9.4%	12,189.8	13,324.2	9.3%
International tourists	Million dollars	11,853.8	14,320.0	15,825.7	10.5%	10,913.5	12,040.3	10.3%
Long-stay tourists	Million dollars	11,311.5	13,579.9	15,035.0	10.7%	10,383.8	11,529.8	11.0%
Border tourists	Million dollars	542.2	740.1	790.7	6.8%	529.8	510.4	-3.7%
Same-day travelers	Million dollars	2,095.2	1,888.4	1,908.0	1.0%	1,276.2	1,283.9	0.6%
In border area travelers	Million dollars	1,737.1	1,469.6	1,508.9	2.7%	1,008.5	1,031.7	2.3%
In cruises travelers	Million dollars	358.1	418.8	399.2	-4.7%	267.7	252.2	-5.8%
in ordises travelers	•	e expenditu		000.2	7.770	201.1	202.2	3.070
International visitors	Dollars	178.6	200.0	203.5	1.8%	212.5	213.5	0.5%
International tourists	Dollars	490.8	488.0	493.1	1.1%	514.0	523.2	1.8%
Long-stay tourists	Dollars	776.8	848.8	821.3	-3.2%	855.9	848.9	-0.8%
Border tourists	Dollars	56.5	55.5	57.4	3.4%	58.2	54.1	-7.0%
Same-day travelers	Dollars	38.8	36.5	34.7	-5.1%	35.3	32.6	-7.7%
In border area travelers	Dollars	35.2	32.0	30.8	-3.6%	31.4	29.3	-6.5%
In cruises travelers	Dollars	78.6	72.4	65.3	-9.8%	67.2	59.8	-10.9%
	icator of Tourism Activity						00.0	10.070
Tourism GDP	Annual percentages	1.9	1.3	4.8		3.2	3.2	N.A.
Goods	Annual percentages	-3.6	-7.0	7.5		2.7	1.1	N.A.
Services	Annual percentages	3.0	3.1	4.1	4.1	3.3	3.8	N.A.
Internal tourism consumption	Annual percentages	1.9	0.5	7.5	7.5	3.8	6.4	N.A.
Domestic tourism consumption	Annual percentages	1.1	-1.5	4.2	4.2	1.0	3.2	N.A.
Inbound tourism consumption	Annual percentages	9.3	15.7	30.0			24.3	N.A.
	Arrival of passengers on					20	20	
Total Passengers arriving by air	Thousands	46,122.1	49,955.8	56,367.6	12.8%	37,514.9	41,514.3	10.7%
International flights	Thousands	15,703.3	17,125.6	19,279.3	12.6%	13,108.1	14,162.9	8.0%
Domestic flights	Thousands	30,418.8	32,830.2	37,088.3	13.0%	24,406.8	27,351.5	12.1%
ů.	countries by air and cou			•			27,001.0	12.170
United States of America	Thousands						6,726.6	12.1%
Canada	Thousands	1,574.3	1,646.2	1,707.8	3.7%		1,196.1	-1.0%
Canada	Movements cruise (1,20011	1,10011	11070
Passenger in cruices	Thousands	4,348.9	5,563.1	5,929.2	6.6%	3,867.3	4,019.2	3.9%
Cruise's arrivals	Number	1,622.0	2,091.0	2,180.0	4.3%		1,404.0	-0.4%
		business** (<u>_</u> ,100.0	7.070	1,400.0	1,404.0	0.770
Percentaje of hotel accupation	Percentage	55.6	57.1	59.6	247.2%	60.7	61.3	0.6
Arrival of tourists to hotel rooms	Thousands	47,184.0	49,649.0	52,611.0	6.0%	46,493.6	49,631.0	6.7%
, minus of tourists to note found	Number of tourist				0.070	-0,-30.0	+3,051.0	0.1 /0
Tourism employment	Thousands	3,628.2	3,641.0	3,803.4	4.5%	3,688.0	3,892.1	5.53%
rounam ampioyment	กางนอสกนอ	5,020.2	5,071.0	5,005.4	7.5/0	5,000.0	J,UJZ. I	J.JJ /0

^{*} Annual percentage change data for the last quarter of the current year compared to the last quarter of the previous year.

NA Not apply

Sources: Banco de México. ASA e INEGI, UPM, SCT, SECTUR.

^{**} A report from the Hotel Occupancy monitored weekly in 70 centers. Changes in percentage points in the case of hotel occupancy.

^{***} Quarterly figures, excluding induced employment.





Macroeconomic Indicators

International

The forces shaping the global outlook—both those operating over the short term and those operating over the long term—point to subdued growth for 2016 and a gradual recovery thereafter, as well as to downside risks. These forces include:

- New shocks, such as Brexit—the June 23, 2016, U.K. referendum result in favor of leaving the European Union;
- Ongoing realignments, such as rebalancing in China and the adjustment of commodity exporters to a protracted decline in the terms of trade; and
- Slow-moving trends, such as demographics and the evolution of productivity growth; as well as noneconomic factors, such as geopolitical and political uncertainty. The subdued recovery also plays a role in explaining the weakness in global trade and persistently low inflation.

National

- However, the adverse international environment Mexico's economy maintained a positive performance in the first half of 2016, growing 2.5% over the period from January to June 2015, the highest growth for a first quarter since 2012.
- Some components of GDP related to tourism such as air transport services, temporary accommodation services and preparation of food and beverages recorded annual growth of 18.1%, 4.4% and 4.8% respectively in the first half of 2016.
- In August, overall inflation remained below the target of 3.0% of Banxico by 2.7%.
- Considering the monthly change in August 2016 on the CPI, prices of air transport fell 13.8%, with a negative monthly 0.038 percentage point impact on inflation in general; while prices of tourist services in package fell 9.03%, with a negative impact of 0.055 percentage points over the same period.





Macroeconomic Indicators

Macroeconomic Perspective on Key Indicators of Mexico								
Entity	Gross Dome Constant prices		Inflation (% dec/dec)					
	2016	2017	2016	2017				
International Monetary Fund	2.10	2.30	3.31	3.02				
OCDE	2.65	2.99	2.67	3.02				
Banco de México Survey	2.13	2.36	3.18	3.45				
Ministry of the Treasury and Public Credit	2.0 a 2.6	2.0 a 3.0	3.20	3.00				

N.a. Not available.

Source: IMF, World Economic Outlook Database (october 2016); OECD, Economic Outlook (2016/06); Banco de México, Expectations Survey Economic Specialist Private Sector (03/10/16); Secretaría de Hacienda y Crédito Público, General Criteria for Economic Policy 2017 (September, 2016)

	KEY I	ECONOMIC INDI	CATORS OF MEX	IICO				
Entries	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016-I	2016-II	August-2016
	General Econo	omic Activity and S	ervices Identified	with Tourism			<u> </u>	
Gross Domestic Product								
. Millions of current pesos	14,550,014	15,626,907	16,118,031	17,256,000	18,127,178	18,456,630	19,103,569	
. Constant prices annual variations in %	4.0	4.0	1.4	2.2	2.5	2.4	2.5	
Tertiary activities								
- Air Transportation (481)								
. Millions of current pesos	24,367.51	27,720.08	27,063.27	34,707.61	42,495.78	44,332.36	50,327.42	
Constant prices annual variations in %	-0.35	7.31	8.06	9.42	16.95	17.27	18.90	
- Temporary Lodging Services (721)								
. Millions of current pesos	137,648.4	151,098.6	163,717.8	179,524.8	195,489.0	215,083.6	204,833.7	
Constant prices annual variations in %	2.4	8.2	5.6	6.0	5.8	6.8	2.0	
- Food and Beverages Preparation Services (722)								
. Millions of current pesos	160,237.9	172,438.0	177,144.8	185,939.2	205,985.1	210,513.8	210,438.8	
. Constant prices annual variations in %	0.8	3.0	-1.7	-0.3	6.0	6.8	2.9	
	Q	uarterly Indicators	of Tourism Activity	y				
Tourism Gross Domestic Product		•						
. Constant prices annual variations in %	2.9	4.6	0.8	2.2	3.8	4.1		
Internal Tourism Consumption								
. Constant prices annual variations in %	1.8	2.9	0.9	1.1	6.4	6.5		
- Domestic tourism consumption		<u> </u>						
. Constant prices annual variations in %	2.9	2.3	1.0	-0.6	3.2	3.1		
- Ibound tourism consumption								
. Constant prices annual variations in %	-6.2	7.8	0.5	15.0	29.1	24.5		
·		Tourism Em	plovment					
People Employed in the Tourism Sector*	3,409,804	3,536,686	3,628,195	3,640,970	3,803,442	3,845,089	3,892,090	
	Total number	of IMSS-Insure Wo	rkers an Unemplo	vement Rate				
Employees insured by IMSS (average of the period)	15,153,643	15.856.137	16,409,302	16.990.724	17,724,222	18,067,868	18,326,071	18.466.227
Permanent	13,101,612	13,637,937	14,123,077	14,570,291	15,170,986	15,471,791	15,760,953	15,860,849
.Non-permanent (urban and field)	2,052,031	2,218,200	2,286,225	2,420,433	2,553,236	2,596,077	2,565,118	2,605,378
Unemployment National Rate ** (closing of the period)								
. Total Percentage of PEA	4.51	4.40	4.89	4.28	4.52	4.04		
		Exchange Rate	and Prices***					
National Price Index (closing of the period)								
Consumer (percent variation)	3.82%	3.57%	3.97%	4.08%	2.13%	2.60%	2.54%	2.73%
. Air transport (percent variation)	7.58%	-7.74%	0.20%	16.72%	3.17%	3.49%	9.62%	-0.29%
. Hotel (percent variation)	6.41%	1.11%	3.14%	4.84%	4.18%	7.13%	5.90%	6.09%
. Package Tourist Services (percent variation)	5.72%	1.59%	4.90%	5.13%	7.62%	3.81%	6.66%	5.00%
. Restaurants (percent variation)	4.43%	4.20%	3.62%	6.03%	4.86%	4.78%	5.33%	5.40%
Exchange Rate (peso / dollar)								
. Average of the period	12.4233	13.1695	12.7720	13.2925	15.8483	18.0667	18.6471	18.4760
	Business Cycle Indica	ators and Consume	r Confidence (mon	tly difference****)				
. Coincident Indicator	0.060	-0.064	-0.031	0.027	-0.015	-0.017	ND	NE
. Forward Indicator	0.027	0.094	0.006	-0.094	-0.104	-0.060	-0.029	0.026
.Confidence Consumer Index	0.113	0.072	-0.266	0.058	-0.017	-0.070	0.001	-0.225

N.a. Not available.

N/A: Not applicable (because the information is only annual and quarterly. No monthly data available for this series).

st Quarterly indicator with information of ENOE and CSTM. Fourth quarter data is indicated for annual data.

^{**} Percentage of all the economically active population. Data at the end of the period for annual and monthly figures and average period for quarterly information.

^{***} For prices of the consumer: at the end of the year are annual variations and same month previos year is for monthly data variation.

^{****} Point monthly difference (closing of the period).

Sources: SECTUR, INEGI, STYPS, Banco de México.