

Results of Tourism Activity December 2023











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Warning: As a result of the extraordinary measures that have been taken in March 2022, the figures are preliminary and will be updated to the extent possible by each official information source.







Tourist Activity Report (RAT) Main Results 2023/2022

Arrival of international tourists



42 million 153 thousand +10.0% vs 2022

International travel receipts



30 thousand 809 million dollars +10.0%, vs 2022

Expenditure of residents in Mexico abroad



9 Thousand 261 million dollars +31.3% Vs 2022

International travellers balance



Surplus 21 thousand 549 millions dollars +2.8% Vs 2022

Hotel Occupancy in 70 Tourist **Centers monitored 59.6%**



Higher by 2.8 percentage points compared to 2022



16 million 12 thousand tourists +16.4%. Vs 2022

Participation Issuing Markets USA and Canadian tourists





13 million 524 Thousand Tourists +4.0% Vs 2022

2 Million 468 thousand Tourists +40.3% Vs 2022

Arrival of tourists to Hotels



63 million 407 thousand domestic tourists (73.7% of the total)

22 million 646 thousand international tourists (26.3% of the total)

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INTERNATIONAL PASSENGER SURVEY RESULTS







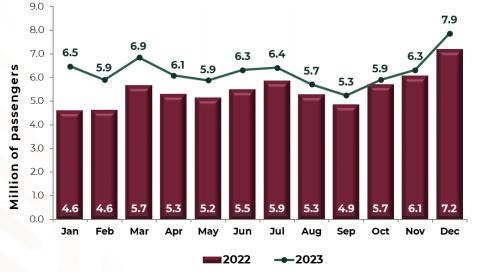




Arrival Of International Visitors to Mexico

Chart 1. INEGI reported the arrival of **75 million 21 thousand international visitors**, during 2023, this is 9 million 27 thousand more visitors compared to 2022, which represented an increase of **13.7%**

| January- December | Million of Passengers | Change % |
|----------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| 2021 | 55.3 | |
| 2022 | 66.0 | 19.3% |
| 2023 | 75.0 | 13.7 % |



Arrival of International Tourists to Mexico

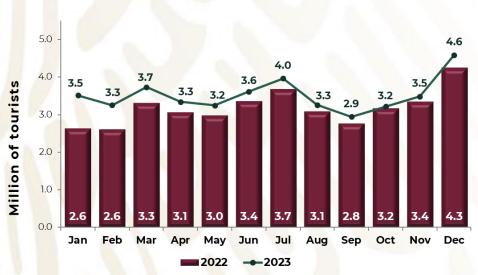


Chart 2. The arrival of international tourists in 2023 was 42 million 153 thousand, higher level in 3 million 828 thousand tourists than observed during 2022 and equivalent to an increase of 10.0%.

| January- | Million of Tourist | Change % |
|----------|--------------------|----------|
| December | Minion of Tourist | change / |
| 2021 | 31.9 | |
| 2022 | 38.3 | 20.3% |
| 2023 | 42.2 | 10.0% |

Note: In the graphs the sum of the data does not coincide with the accumulated period due to the rounding of figures.. **Source:** INEGI and Bank of Mexico, Balance of payments.





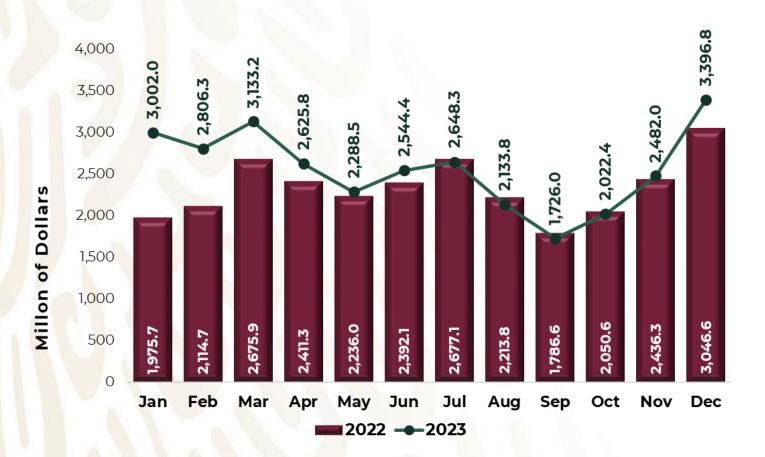




Foreign Exchange Revenue From International Visitors

Chart 3. Foreign exchange revenue from international visitors during 2023 was **30 thousand 809 million dollars**, which represented an increase of **10.0%** over 2022.

| January- December | Million of Dollars | Change % |
|----------------------|--------------------|----------|
| 2021 | 19,765.4 | |
| 2022 | 28,016.8 | 41.7% |
| 2023 | 30,809.5 | 10.0% |



Source: INEGI and Bank of Mexico, Balance of payments.

http://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/VisitantesInternacionales.aspx





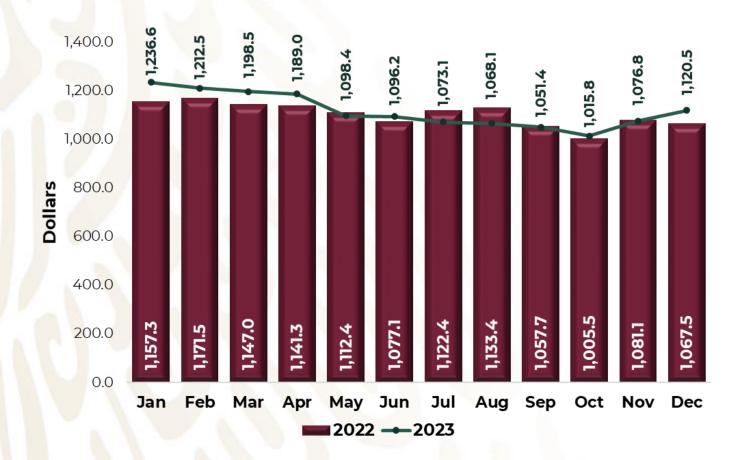




Average Expenditure of Long-Stay Tourists, Air Transport

Chart 4. The average spending of tourists for internment by air was **1,126.0 dollars** during 2023, which represented an increase of **+1.8%** over the observed in 2022.

| January- December | Dollars | Change % |
|----------------------|---------|----------|
| 2021 | 1,109.1 | |
| 2022 | 1,105.7 | -0.3% |
| 2023 | 1,126.0 | 1.8% |



Source: INEGI and Bank of Mexico, Balance of payments.

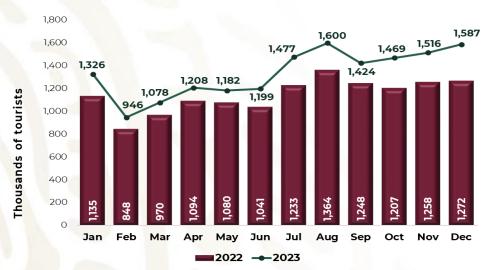








Departures Of International Tourists From Mexico



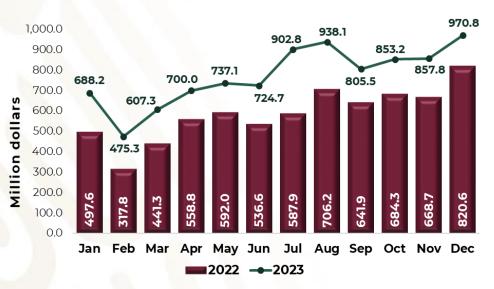
Chars 5. During 2023, INEGI reported the departure of 16 million 12 thousand international tourists from Mexico abroad. which million meant 2 262 thousand more tourists, that was reported in 2022, equivalent to an increase of 16.4%.

| January- December | Thousands of Tourists | Change % |
|----------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| 2021 | 11,685 | |
| 2022 | 13,750 | 17.7% |
| 2023 | 16,012 | 16.4 % |

Foreign Exchange Expenditure by Resident Visitors in Mexico Abroad

Chart 6. The foreign exchange expenditure incurred by visitors resident in Mexico when going abroad, was **9 thousand 261 million dollars** during 2023, higher by 2 Thousand 207 million dollars than recorded in 2022, with an increase of **31.3%**

| January- December | Million of Dollars | Change % |
|----------------------|--------------------|----------|
| 2021 | 5,146.6 | |
| 2022 | 7,053.5 | 37.1% |
| 2023 | 9,260.8 | 31.3% |



Note: In the graphs the sum of the data does not coincide with the accumulated period due to the rounding of figures. **Source:** INECI and Bank of Mexico, Balance of payments.







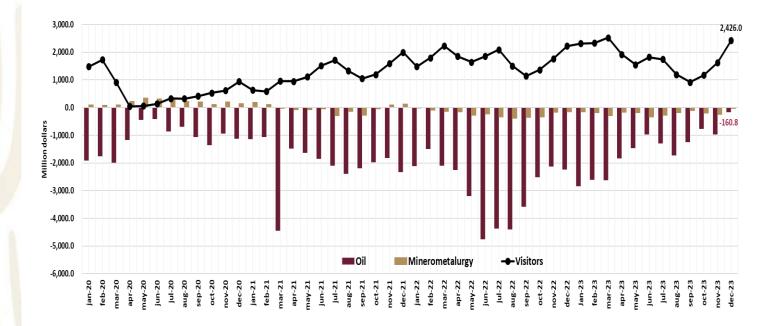


Foreign Exchange Balance by International Visitors

Chart 7. In 2023, the balance of the balance for international visitors stood at **21 thousand 549 million dollars**, **2.8%** higher than observed during 2022.

| January- December | Million Dollars | Change % |
|----------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| 2021 | 14,618.8 | |
| 2022 | 20,963.3 | 43.4% |
| 2023 | 21,548.6 | 2.8 % |

Balance of International Visitors, Oil and Metallurgical.



Note: In the graphs the sum of the data does not coincide with the accumulated period due to the rounding of figures. **Source:** INEGI.- Balance of payments.

http://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/VisitantesInternacionales.aspx

ARRIVAL OF INTERNATIONAL TOURISTS BY AIR TO MEXICO











International Tourists to Mexico Arriving By Air (Main Countries by Nationality)

Chart 8. During 2023, arrived **21 million 870 thousand** international tourists arrived by air by country of nationality, higher by **6.2%** compared to 2022.

| January- December | Tourists | Change % |
|----------------------|------------|--------------|
| 2021 | 14,082,623 | |
| 2022 | 20,591,324 | 46.2% |
| 2023 | 21,869,639 | 6.2 % |

Highlights the arrival of citizens of:

- The United States with 13 million 524 thousand passengers, 4.0% more than 2022.
- Canada with 2 million 468 thousand passengers, 40.3% more compared to 2022
- Colombia with 735 thousand 175 passengers, 14.4% less than 2022
- United Kingdom with 496 thousand 744 passengers, 12.2% less than 2022
- Spain with 366 thousand 509 passengers, 0.1% more regarding 2022
- Rest of nationalities 4 million 279 thousand passengers, 5.9% more regarding 2022



Note: In the graphs the sum of the data does not coincide with the accumulated period due the rounding of figures **Source:** Migration Policy, Registry and Identity Unit, SEGOB.

http://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/Visitantes%20por%20Nacionalidad.aspx





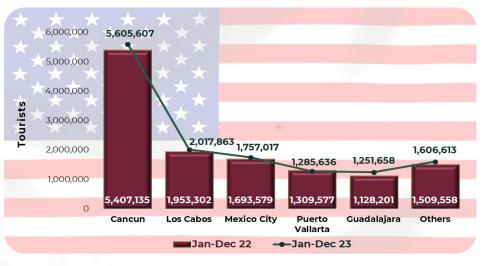




U.S Citizens by Airport

Chart 9. In 2023, the arrival of **13 million 524 thousand** air tourists with US citizenship was recorded, with an increase of **4.0%** over the observed in 2022; most of which, arrived through the airports of Cancun and Los Cabos.

| January- December | Tourists | Change % |
|----------------------|------------|----------|
| 2021 | 10,239,989 | |
| 2022 | 13,001,352 | 27.0% |
| 2023 | 13,524,394 | 4.0% |



Canadian Citizens by Airport

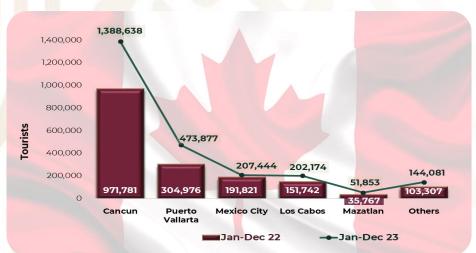


Chart 10. The arrival of air tourist with Canadian citizenship, recorded **2 million 468 thousand tourists** during 2023, presenting an increase of **40.3%** compared to 2022; most of which, arrived at the airports of Cancun and Puerto Vallarta.

| January- | Tourists | Change % |
|----------|-----------|----------|
| December | Tourists | change / |
| 2021 | 503,589 | |
| 2022 | 1,759,394 | 249.4% |
| 2023 | 2,468,067 | 40.3% |

Source: Migration Policy, Registry and Identity Unit, SEGOB.









Arrival of International Tourists To Mexico's Main Airports

Figure 1. During 2023, the airports that received the highest number of international tourists in Mexico were, according to their nationality: **Cancun** (10,041,700); **Mexico City** (4,279,991); **Los Cabos** (2,306,779); **Puerto Vallarta** (1,827,130); **Guadalajara** (1,334,067); **Monterrey** (354,570); **Cozumel** (234,814) and **Silao** (222,625).

| | January-December | Arrival of | tourists (th | ousands) |
|---|------------------|------------|--------------|----------|
| | Airport | 2022 | 2023 | Change % |
| 1 | Cancun | 9,494,168 | 10,041,700 | 5.8% |
| 2 | Mexico City | 4,204,414 | 4,279,991 | 1.8% |
| 3 | Los Cabos | 2,172,590 | 2,306,779 | 6.2% |
| 4 | Puerto Vallarta | 1,687,618 | 1,827,130 | 8.3% |

| | January-December | Arrival of | tourists (the | ousands) |
|---|------------------|------------|---------------|----------|
| | Airport | 2022 | 2023 | Change % |
| 5 | Guadalajara | 1,192,072 | 1,334,067 | 11.9% |
| 6 | Monterrey | 270,499 | 354,570 | 31.1% |
| 7 | Cozumel | 243,864 | 234,814 | -3.7% |
| 8 | Silao | 206,096 | 222,625 | 8.0% |

Note: Figures refers to events because the same person may have entered the country in more than one occasion. **Source:** Migration Policy, Registry and Identity Unit, SEGOB.

http://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/Visitantes%20por%20Residencia.aspx









International Tourists to Mexico Arriving by Air (Main Countries by Residence)

Chart 11. During 2023 arrived **19 million 458 thousand** international tourists by air by country of residence, **2.9%** lower to 2022

| January- December | Passengers | Change % |
|----------------------|------------|---------------|
| 2021 | 13,717,090 | |
| 2022 | 20,030,095 | 46.0% |
| 2023 | 19,458,019 | -2.9 % |

Highlights the arrival of citizens of:

- The United States with 12 million 432 thousand passengers, 7.2% lower than to 2022.
- Canada with 2 million 280 thousand passengers, 35.8% more compared to 2022
- Colombia with 644 thousand 742 passengers, 17.2% lower than 2022
- United Kingdom with 455 thousand 768 passengers, 15.7% lower than 2022
- Argentina with 283 thousand 382 passengers, 2.6% more regarding 2022
- Rest of nationalities 3 million 363 thousand passengers, 0.1% lower regarding 2022



Source: Migration Policy, Registry and Identity Unit, SEGOB. http://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/Visitantes%20por%20Residencia.aspx









Tourists Residing in the United States (Airway)

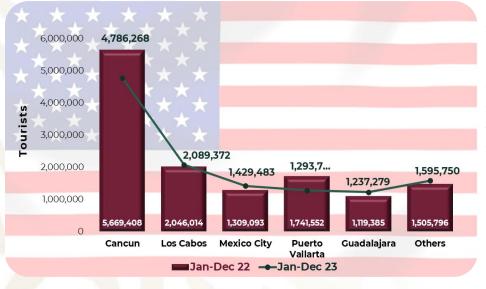


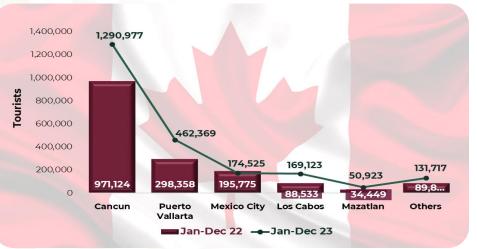
Chart 12. The arrival by air of tourists residing in the United States, registered a decrease of **7.2%** during 2023 in relation to what was registered in 2022, totaling **12 million 432 thousand tourists**; most of which, arrived though the airports of Cancun and Los Cabos

| January- December | Passengers | Change % |
|----------------------|------------|---------------|
| 2021 | 10,455,909 | |
| 2022 | 13,391,248 | 28.1% |
| 2023 | 12,431,926 | -7.2 % |

Tourists Resident in Canada (Airway)

Chart 13. During 2023, the arrival of **2 million 280 thousand tourists** residing in Canada was recorded, showing an increase of **35.8%** compared to 2022; most of them arrived at the airports of Cancun and Puerto Vallarta.

| January- December | Passengers | Change % |
|----------------------|------------|---------------|
| 2021 | 461,054 | |
| 2022 | 1,678,135 | 264.0% |
| 2023 | 2,279,634 | 35.8 % |



Source: Migration Policy, Registry and Identity Unit, SEGOB.

http://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/Visitantes%20por%20Residencia.aspx

HOTEL MONITORING REPORT











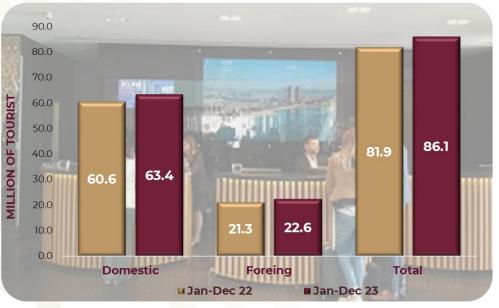




Chart 14. The percentage of hotel occupancy in the selection of 70 resorts, during 2023, was **59.6%**, a higher level by **+2.8** percentage points compared to the observed in 2022.

Arrival of Tourists to Hotels Rooms

Chart 15. During 2023, the arrival of domestic tourists to hotel rooms reached **63 million 407 thousand tourists** (73.7% of the total); while the arrival of international tourists registered **22 million 646 thousand tourists** (26.3% of the total).



Notes: Total occupancy is a weighted average of the 70 destinations monitored. The total arrivals of tourists to hotel rooms registered an increased **+5.0%** compared to 2022. In the graphs the sum of the data does not coincide with the accumulated period due to the rounding of figures.

Source: Information of 70 resorts monitored by DataTur.

http://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/ActividadHotelera.aspx





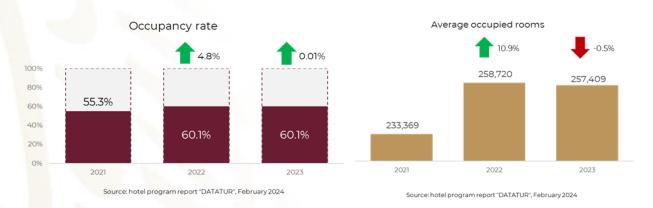






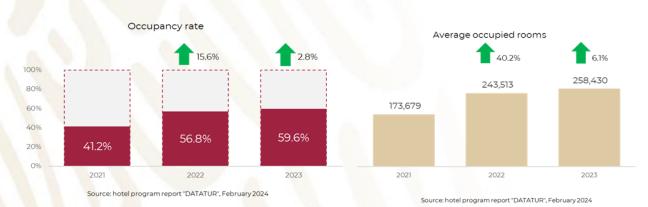
December 2021-2023

Chart 16. The percentage of hotel occupancy in the selection of 70 resorts was **60.1%**, in December 2023, exceeding by **0.01** percentage points what observed in December 2022.



| Tourist arrival | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------|-------|--|--|
| Percent Change 2023 - 2022 | | | | |
| Nationals Foreigners | | | | |
| December | -6.7% | -3.6% | | |
| Cumulative January to December | 4.6% | 6.3% | | |

Cumulative January to December 2021- 2023



Note: The variance may not strictly add up due to rounding. Occupancy variation in percentage points **Source:** Information of 70 resorts monitored by DataTur.

http://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/ActividadHotelera.aspx









Occupancy Rate by Type of Centre

Gráfica 17. The total percentage of occupancy by type of centers was **60.1%** in December 2023, without percentage change compared to what was observed in the same month of 2022

| Contration | December | | | |
|---------------|----------|-------|----------------------------------------|--|
| Center type | 2022 | 2023 | Percentage difference 2023 vs. 2022 | |
| Total | 60.1% | 60.1% | 0.0% | |
| Beach centers | 70.9% | 69.6% | -1.4% | |
| Cities | 50.5% | 51.9% | 1.4% | |

| Contonturo | Cumulative January to December | | | |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|-------|----------------------------------------|--|
| Center type | 2022 | 2023 | Percentage difference 2023 vs. 2022 | |
| Total | 56.8% | 59.6% | 2.8% | |
| Beach centers | 65.8% | 66.3% | 0.4% | |
| Cities | 48.8% | 53.7% | 4.9% | |

Note: The variance may not strictly add up due to rounding. Occupancy variation in percentage points. **Source:** Information of 70 resorts monitored by DataTur.









Occupancy Percentage Ranking

Gráfica 18. The perctage of hotel occupancy in the resorts of Akumal and Playacar, Q. Roo; in December 2023, it was 91.8% and 91.4%, higher level in 5.0 and 4.8 percentage points respectively, than observed in the same month of 2022

| December | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------|-------|-------|---------------|-----------------------|------|------|-------|--|
| Turistic destinations | 2022 | 2023 | | Percentage difference | | | | |
| Turistic destinations | 2022 | 2023 | 2023 vs. 2022 | -5.0% | 0.0% | 5.0% | 10.0% | |
| Akumal, Q. Roo | 86.8% | 91.8% | 5.0% | | | 5.0% | | |
| Playacar, Q. Roo | 86.7% | 91.4% | 4.8% | | | 4.8% | | |
| Cancún, Q.Roo | 78.1% | 83.0% | 4.9% | | | 4.9% | | |
| Playa del Carmen, Q. Roo | 78.7% | 82.8% | 4.1% | | | 4.1% | | |
| Nuevo Nayarit, Nay. | 77.8% | 81.7% | 3.9% | | | 3.9% | | |
| Puerto Vallarta, Jal. | 79.5% | 77.0% | -2.5% | -2.5% | | | | |
| Cabo San Lucas , B.C.S. | 73.7% | 76.6% | 2.8% | | | 2.8% | | |
| Bahias de Huatulco, Oax. | 72.2% | 71.1% | -1.1% | -1 | .1% | | | |
| lxtapa Zihuata <mark>nejo,</mark> Gro. | 63.1% | 70.8% | 7.7% | | | | 7.7% | |
| ona Corredor Los Cabos, B.C.S. | 73.8% | 69.9% | -3.9% | -3.9% | | | | |

Cumulative January to December

| Turistic destinations | 2022 | 2023 | Percentage difference | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------|---------------|-----------------------|-------|-------|------|------|--|
| Turistic destinations | 2022 | 2023 | 2023 vs. 2022 | -5.0% | O.0% | 5.0% | 10.0 | |
| Playacar, Q. Roo | 79.6% | 84.2% | 4.6% | | | 4.6% | | |
| Akumal, Q. Roo | 78.8% | 82.1% | 3.3% | | | 3.3% | | |
| Cabo San Lucas , B.C.S. | 77.1% | 76.8% | -0.3% | | -0.3% | | | |
| Cancun, Q.Roo | 75.9% | 75.6% | -0.3% | | -0.3% | | | |
| Nuevo Nayarit, Nay. | 66.7% | 73.6% | 6.9% | | | | 6.9% | |
| Puerto Vallarta, Jal. | 72.4% | 72.0% | -0.4% | | -0.4% | | | |
| La Paz, B.C.S. | 66.8% | 70.1% | 3.3% | | | 3.3% | | |
| Playa del Carmen, Q. Roo | 71.0% | 70 .1% | -0.9% | | -0.9% | | | |
| Ciudad Juarez, Chih. | 72.1% | 67.8% | -4.4% | -4.4% | | | | |
| Mazatlan, Sin. | 66.7% | 67.2% | 0.5% | | 0.5% | | | |

Note: The variance may not strictly add up due to rounding. Occupancy variation in percentage points. **Source:** Information of 70 resorts monitored by DataTur.

AIR AND SEA TRANSPORTATION







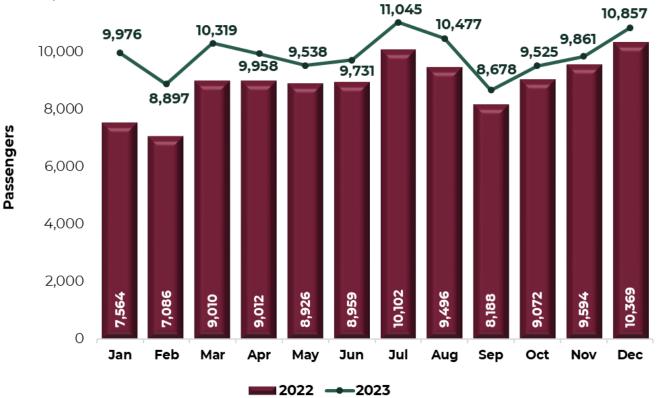




Total Passengers Transported on Domestic And International Flights

Chart 19. During 2023, a total of **118 million 862 thousand passengers** were registered by air, which represented an increase of 11 million 484 thousand passengers, equivalent to a **10.7%** higher than the in 2022.

| January- December | Passengers | Change % |
|----------------------|-------------|---------------|
| 2021 | 80,324,679 | |
| 2022 | 107,377,558 | 33.7% |
| 2023 | 118,861,799 | 10.7 % |



12,000

Preliminary figures Source: Federal Civil Aviation Agency (SICT).





7.000

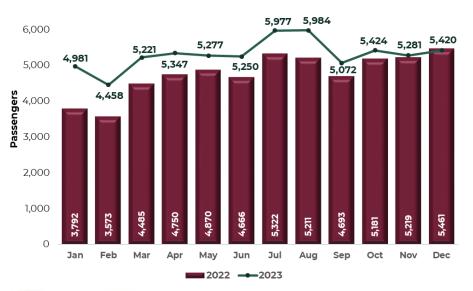




Passengers Carried on Domestic Flights

Chart 20. The arrival of passengers on domestic flights during 2023 was **63 million 691 thousand passengers**, representing an increase of 6 million 469 thousand passengers, higher by **11.3%** compared to the observed in 2022.

| January- December | Passengers | Change % |
|----------------------|------------|----------|
| 2021 | 44,433,933 | |
| 2022 | 57,222,107 | 28.8% |
| 2023 | 63,690,807 | 11.3% |



Passengers Transported on International Flights

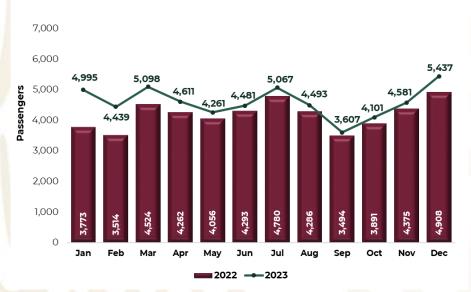


Chart 21. The arrival of passengers on international flights during 2023 was **55 million 171 thousand passengers,** representing an increase of 5 million 16 thousand passengers; **10.0%** higher, compared to the observed in 2022.

| January- December | Passengers | Change % |
|----------------------|------------|----------|
| 2021 | 35,890,746 | |
| 2022 | 50,155,451 | 39.7% |
| 2023 | 55,170,992 | 10.0% |

Preliminary figures

Source: Federal Civil Aviation Agency (SICT).

http://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/FlujoPorAerolinea.aspx





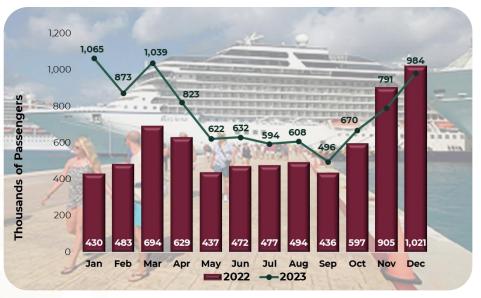




Arrival of Hikers on Cruises to Mexico

Chart 22. The number of passengers on cruises that arrived during 2023 was 9 million 198 thousand passengers. with an increase of 30.0% compared to the recorded in 2022.

| Thousands of | Change % |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------|
| Passengers | change / |
| 1,754 | |
| 7,075 | N. C. |
| 9,198 | 30.0% |
| | Passengers 1,754 7,075 |



Arrival of Cruise Ships to Mexico



Chart 23. In 2023, the arrival of **2 thousand 743 cruise ships** to the different ports of the country was recorded, representing an increase of **2.9%** to the recorded in 2022.

| January- December | Cruise Ship Arrival | Change % |
|----------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| 2021 | 844 | |
| 2022 | 2,666 | N. C. |
| 2023 | 2,743 | 2.9 % |

Source: INEGI and General Directorate of Ports of the Ministry of the Navy, (Figures prior to May 2022 correspond to the SCT, according to the presidential decree issued on December 7, 2022 in the Official Gazette of the Federation and to Press Release No. 006/2023 of the General Coordination of Ports and Merchant Marine of June 7, 2023)









Arrival of Hikers on Cruises And Cruises Ships to the Main Ports of Mexico

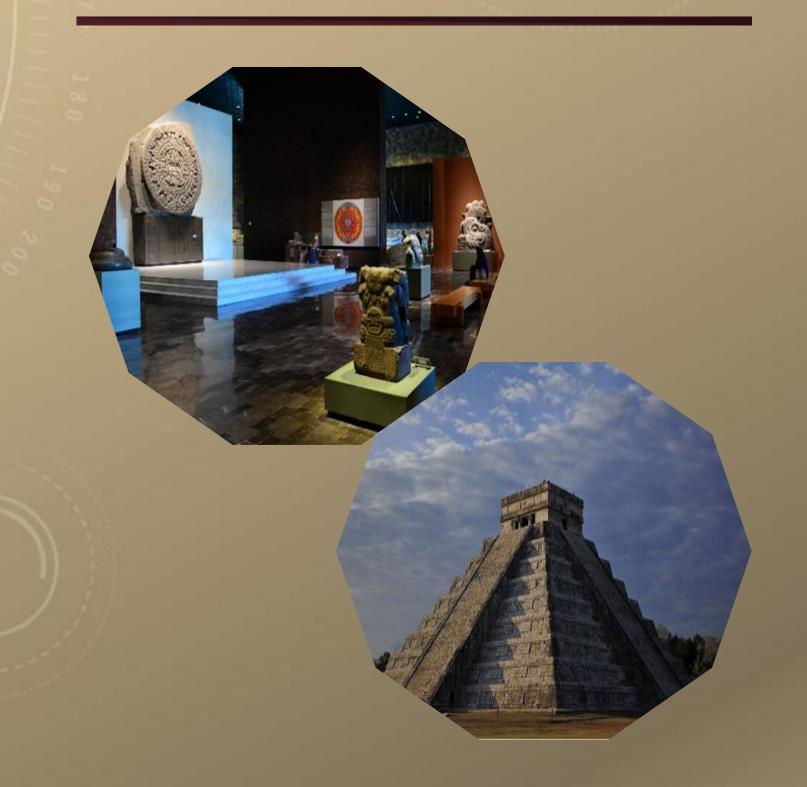
Figure 2. During 2023 the ports that received the highest number of hikers on cruises in Mexico were: **Cozumel, Majahual, Ensenada, Cabo San Lucas, and Puerto Vallarta** which represented **90%** of total passengers.

| | January-December | Arrival of cruisers (thousands) | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Port | 2022 | 2023 | Change % | | | | | |
| 1 | Cozumel | 2,938,153 | 4,076,976 | 38.8% | | | | | |
| 2 | Majahual | 1,229,864 | 1,807,021 | 46.9% | | | | | |
| 3 | Ensenada | 744,221 | 1,006,890 | 35.3% | | | | | |
| | Cabo San Lucas | 540,773 | 735,686 | 36.0% | | | | | |
| 5 | Puerto Vallarta | 458,319 | 543,609 | 18.6% | | | | | |

| | January-December | Arrival of Cruise Ships | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|-------------------------|-------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| | Port | 2022 | 2023 | Change % | | | | |
| 1 | Cozumel | 1,114 | 1,155 | 3.7% | | | | |
| 2 | Majahual | 462 | 461 | -0.2% | | | | |
| 3 | Ensenada | 323 | 320 | -0.9% | | | | |
| 4 | Cabo San Lucas | 227 | 236 | 4.0% | | | | |
| 5 | Puerto Vallarta | 184 | 170 | -7.6% | | | | |

Note: The figures refer to events due to the fact that the same person may have entered the country on more than one occasion. Source: General Directorate of Ports, General Coordination of Ports and Merchant Marine of the Secretariat of Marine. (The figures prior to May 2020, corresponds to the SCT, in accordance with the presidential decree issued on December 7, 2020 in the Official Journal of the Federation and the Press Release No. 006/2022 of the General Coordination of Ports and Merchant Marine of June 7, 2022).

VISITORS TO MUSEUMS AND ARCHEOLOGICAL SITES







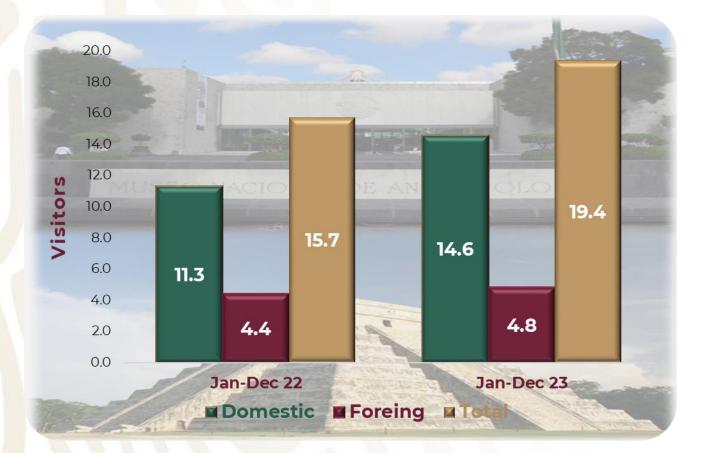




Visitors to Museums and Archeological Sites

Chart 24. During 2023, the National Institute of Anthropology and History reported the arrival of **19 million 378 thousand visitors** to museums and archaeological sites, that is, 3 million 684 thousand more visitors than reported in the same period of 2022, which represented an increase of **23.5%**. Of the total visitors, 75.2% were national visitors and 24.8% were international.

| January- December | Visitors | Change % |
|----------------------|------------|----------|
| 2021 | 7,065,095 | |
| 2022 | 15,694,716 | 122.1% |
| 2023 | 19,378,475 | 23.5% |



OTHERS INDICATORS AND ANALYSIS OF INTERNATIONAL TOURISM











National Tourist Price Index (NTPI) December 2023

The National Tourist Price Index is an economic indicator that monitors price fluctuations in representative tourist services in Mexico. Helps travelers, businesses and policymakers understand price trends in the tourism industry and impact on the national economy



The NTPI consists of six key components selected for their economic importance and representativeness in tourism consumption, which recorded the following annual inflation:



Air ransportation +26.00%



Highway tolls +11.57%



Restaurants. bars and the like +8.71%



Package tour services +3.53%



Hotels +5.89%



Foreign bus +4.55%







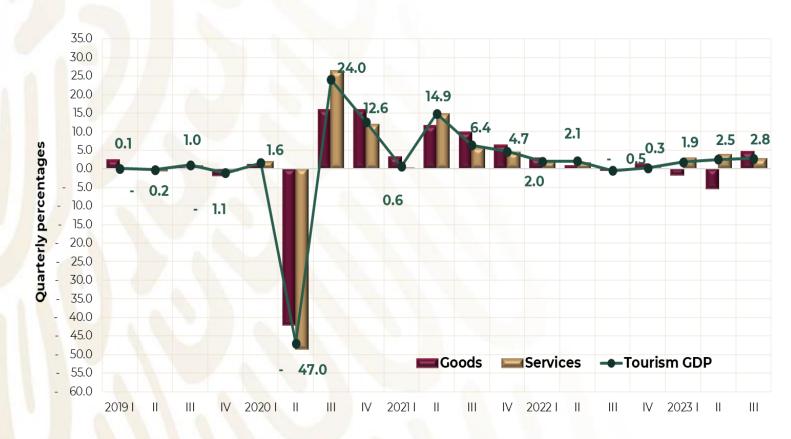


TOURIST GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT

Chart 22. Based on the Quarterly Indicators of Tourism Activity, **Tourism GDP** in the third quarter of 2023 registered an increase of **2.8%** compared to the second quarter of 2023.

By components, **services** increased by **2.7%** in real terms, while **goods** increased by **4.6%** over third quarter 2023.

| Quarter | Index of Physical Volume | Change % |
|----------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| 2022-111 | 99.0 | |
| 2023-II | 103.7 | 7.6% |
| 2023-III | 106.6 | 2.8 % |













Nacional

In 2023, the Mexican economy continued its growth streak for the third consecutive year, while continuing to generate higher-wage jobs. In the interior, he highlighted the positive performance of investment, mainly private investment, which reached historic levels and rates of growth. Private consumption also benefited from increases in the wage bill, increased consumer confidence and the appreciation of the peso against the US dollar. While in the external sector, they highlighted increases in tourism revenues, growth in manufacturing exports and record levels of Foreign Direct Investment (FDI).

With these results, the economy registered an annual growth of 3.1% during 2023, which compared favorably with the historical average from 2011 to 2019 that was 2.0%. In the interior, primary activities registered an annual growth of 2.0% in 2023, associated mainly with the performance of the livestock and fishing industries. Industrial production increased 3.6% annually, driven by the expansion of domestic installed capacity and the growth of export manufactures. In the case of services, there was an annual increase of 2.9%, as a result of the strength in labour market conditions and the high amounts of investment. The attractiveness of Mexico abroad allowed, in the third quarter of 2023 and with preliminary figures, an income of 32.926 billion dollars for FDI, figure not seen since it is registered. Thus, Mexico ranked fourth among the world's FDI host countries.

Relative to the National Consumer Price Index (INPC), general inflation closed 2023 at 4.66%, the lowest rate in the last two years. This outcome benefited from the deceleration of the underlying component, related to lower prices of some processed foods, and the effect of the appreciation of the national currency on non-food goods.

Internacional

In 2023, global economic activity grew higher than anticipated earlier in the year. Although it showed less dynamism compared to 2022, this was due to the accumulation of shocks that persisted since the COVID-19 pandemic, Russia's invasion of Ukraine and its effect on inflationary pressures, and the persistence of restrictive financial conditions worldwide. However, during 2023, a decrease in inflation was observed along with the good performance of most economies, as was the case of Mexico, which stood out as one of the emerging economies with the highest annual growth. Thus, towards the close of 2023 the probability of a global recession in 2024 was reduced, while expectations of a moderation in growth with lower interest rates improved.

However, the pace of growth was heterogeneous among the world's major economies. On the one hand, the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) of the United States (USA) registered an annual growth of 2.5% real supported by private consumption, mainly. This reflected the increase in job creation, the rise in real wages and the strong financial position of households. On the other hand, in China, while real economic growth was 5.2% per year, 0.2 percentage points (pp) above the official target, problems in the real estate sector, the low share of private consumption and the weakness of external demand continued to weigh on the economy; this despite the fiscal support granted by the Chinese government. Similarly, in the euro area, the loss of household purchasing power and lower level of economic activity, both products of rising energy prices and the slowdown in investment, led to marginal growth in 2023.

In the same year, inflationary pressures moderated and continued on a better-than-expected downward trajectory. This lower pressure was explained by the continued normalization of supply chains and the decline in prices of raw materials, particularly energy. Lower demand in the labour markets of advanced economies also contributed to reducing wage pressures and their shift to inflation. However, inflation rates in these economies remained above central bank targets at the end of the year, although medium-term expectations remained anchored.

http://www.finanzaspublicas.hacienda.gob.mx/work/models/Finanzas_Publicas/docs/congreso/infotrim/2023/ivt/01inf/itindc_202304.pdf









Results of Tourism Activity

| Subject | Unit of measurement | | | Y | ear (January | -December) | | | | Change % | January-I | December | Change 9 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Subject | Unit of measurement | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 22/21 | 2022 | 2023 | 23/22 |
| | - | Inter | national trav | elers balance | e (INEGI and | Banco de N | léxico) | [] | | | | | |
| Inbound traveler expenditures | Million dollars | 17,733.7 | 19,649.7 | 21,336.2 | 22,526.4 | 24,573.2 | 10,995.6 | 19,765.4 | 28,016.8 | 41.7% | 28,016.8 | 30,809.5 | 10. |
| Outbound traveler expenditures | Million dollars | 10,098.1 | 10,303.0 | 10,840.0 | 11,229.5 | 9,880.9 | 3,474.5 | 5,146.6 | 7,053.5 | 37.1% | 7,053.5 | 9,260.8 | 31.3 |
| nternational travelers balance | Million dollars | 7,635.6 | 9,346.7 | 10,496.2 | 11,296.8 | 14,692.3 | 7,521.1 | 14,618.8 | 20,963.3 | 43.4% | 20,963.3 | 21,548.6 | 2.8 |
| | | Intern | ational trave | elers to Mexic | o (INEGI and | d Banco de I | México) | | | | | | |
| nternational visitors | Thousand | 87,128.6 | 94,853.1 | 99,349.3 | 96,497.0 | 97,406.0 | 51,128.0 | 55,301.4 | 65,994.5 | 19.3% | 65,994.5 | 75,021.4 | 13. |
| International tourists | Thousand | 32,093.3 | 35,079.4 | 39,290.9 | 41,312.7 | 45,024.5 | 24,283.5 | 31,860.4 | 38,325.6 | 20.3% | 38,325.6 | 42,153.1 | 10. |
| Long-stay tourists | Thousand | 18,307.2 | 20,663.9 | 22,482.8 | 23,306.7 | 23,757.7 | 10,814.9 | 18,044.3 | 25,423.6 | 40.9% | 25,423.6 | 26,888.5 | 5. |
| Border tourists | Thousand | 13,786.1 | 14,415.5 | 16,808.1 | 18,006.0 | 21,266.8 | 13,468.6 | 13,816.1 | 12,901.9 | -6.6% | 12,901.9 | 15,264.6 | 18. |
| Same-day travelers | Thousand | 55,035.3 | 59,773.8 | 60,058.3 | 55,184.3 | 52,381.6 | 26,844.5 | 23,441.0 | 27,668.9 | 18.0% | 27,668.9 | 32,868.3 | 18. |
| In border area travelers | Thousand | 48,920.5 | 53,079.1 | 52,377.8 | 46,913.1 | 43,286.9 | 24,264.1 | 21,687.3 | 20,593.8 | -5.0% | 20,593.8 | 23,670.7 | 14. |
| In cruises travelers | Thousand | 6,114.8 | 6,694.6 | 7,680.6 | 8,271.2 | 9,094.7 | 2,580.4 | 1,753.8 | 7,075.2 | 303.4% | 7,075.2 | 9,197.6 | 30. |
| | | | Inbound t | ravelers expe | enditure (Mill | ion dollars) | | | | | | | |
| nternational visitors | Million dollars | 17,733.7 | 19,649.7 | 21,336.2 | 22,526.4 | 24,573.2 | 10,995.6 | 19,765.4 | 28,016.8 | 41.7% | 28,016.8 | 30,809.5 | 10. |
| International tourists | Million dollars | 15,825.7 | 17,697.8 | 19,180.3 | 20,366.3 | 22,354.0 | 9,860.8 | 18,487.3 | 26,347.3 | 42.5% | 26,347.3 | 28,682.6 | 8. |
| Long-stay tourists | Million dollars | 15,035.0 | 16,925.8 | 18,197.2 | 19,261.0 | 21,045.5 | 9,123.7 | 17,319.6 | 25,022.9 | 44.5% | 25,022.9 | 27,079.9 | 8. |
| Border tourists | Million dollars | 790.7 | 772.0 | 983.1 | 1,105.2 | 1,308.5 | 737.0 | 1,167.7 | 1,324.4 | 13.4% | 1,324.4 | 1,602.8 | 21. |
| Same-day travelers | Million dollars | 1,908.0 | 1,951.8 | 2,155.9 | 2,160.1 | 2,219.2 | 1,134.8 | 1,278.1 | 1,669.5 | 30.6% | 1,669.5 | 2,126.8 | 27. |
| In border area travelers | Million dollars | 1,508.9 | 1,558.1 | 1,673.4 | 1,603.5 | 1,593.2 | 952.5 | 1,153.7 | 1,126.8 | -2.3% | 1,126.8 | 1,384.5 | 22. |
| In cruises travelers | Million dollars | 399.2 | 393.8 | 482.5 | 556.6 | 626.0 | 182.3 | 124.4 | 542.7 | 336.4% | 542.7 | 742.3 | 36. |
| | | | A | verage exper | diture (dolla | rs) | | | | | | | |
| nternational visitors | Dollars | 203.5 | 207.2 | 214.8 | 233.4 | 252.3 | 215.1 | 357.4 | 424.5 | 18.8% | 424.5 | 410.7 | -3. |
| International tourists | Dollars | 493.1 | 504.5 | 488.2 | 493.0 | 496.5 | 406.1 | 580.3 | 687.5 | 18.5% | 687.5 | 680.4 | -1. |
| Long-stay tourists | Dollars | 821.3 | 819.1 | 809.4 | 826.4 | 885.8 | 843.6 | 959.8 | 984.2 | 2.5% | 984.2 | 1,007.1 | 2. |
| Border tourists | Dollars | 57.4 | 53.6 | 58.5 | 61.4 | 61.5 | 54.7 | 84.5 | 102.7 | 21.5% | 102.7 | 105.0 | 2. |
| Same-day travelers | Dollars | 34.7 | 32.7 | 35.9 | 39.1 | 42.4 | 42.3 | 54.5 | 60.3 | 10.7% | 60.3 | 64.7 | 7. |
| In border area travelers | Dollars | 30.8 | 29.4 | 31.9 | 34.2 | 36.8 | 39.3 | 53.2 | 54.7 | 2.8% | 54.7 | 58.5 | 6. |
| In cruises travelers | Dollars | 65.3 | 58.8 | 62.8 | 67.3 | 68.8 | 70.7 | 70.9 | 76.7 | 8.2% | 76.7 | 80.7 | 5. |
| | | Internat | onal travele | rs abroad Me | xico (INEGI a | and Banco c | le México) | | | | | | - |
| Total international travelers abroad Mexico | Thousand | 94,988.4 | 97,371.7 | 94,274.5 | 86,279.7 | 82,752.1 | 36,055.8 | 32,977.5 | 41,890.5 | 27.0% | 41,890.5 | 52,030.2 | 24. |
| Outbound traveler expenditures | Million dollars | 10,098.1 | 10,303.0 | 10,840.0 | 11,229.5 | 9,880.9 | 3,474.5 | 5,146.6 | 7,053.5 | 37.1% | 7,053.5 | 9,260.8 | 31.3 |
| Average Expenditure | Dollars | 106.3 | 105.8 | 115.0 | 130.2 | 119.4 | 96.4 | 156.1 | 168.4 | 7.9% | 168.4 | 178.0 | 5. |
| International tourists abroad of Mexico | Thousand | 19,603.0 | 20,223.1 | 19,066.8 | 19,748.4 | 19,810.5 | 7,345.3 | 11,685.1 | 13,750.2 | 17.7% | 13,750.2 | 16,012.0 | 16. |
| Outbound tourism expenditure | Million dollars | 7,026.5 | 7,155.6 | 7,502.6 | 8,135.2 | 6,939.8 | 2,105.3 | 4,077.5 | 5,427.8 | 33.1% | 5,427.8 | 7,075.5 | 30. |
| Average Expenditure | Dollars | 358.4 | 353.8 | 393.5 | 411.9 | 350.3 | 286.6 | 349.0 | 394.7 | 13.1% | 394.7 | 441.9 | 11. |
| Same-day travelers abroad | Thousand | 75,385.4 | 77,148.7 | 75,207.7 | 66,531.3 | 62,941.6 | 28,710.5 | 21,292.5 | 28,140.3 | 32.2% | 28,140.3 | 36,018.2 | 28. |
| Outbound expenditure | Million dollars | 3,071.6 | 3,147.4 | 3,337.4 | 3,094.3 | 2,941.0 | 1,369.3 | 1,069.1 | 1,625.7 | 52.1% | 1,625.7 | 2,185.3 | 34. |
| Average Expenditure | Dollars | 40.7 | 40.8 | 44.4 | 46.5 | 46.7 | 47.7 | 50.2 | 57.8 | 15.1% | 57.8 | 60.7 | 5. |
| | | Arrival | of passenger | s on domest | ic and intern | ational fligh | ts (AFAC) | r | | | | | - |
| otal passengers arriving by air | Thousands | 74,778.3 | 82,765.6 | 90,445.5 | 97,285.5 | 102,498.5 | 48,361.4 | 80,324.7 | 107,377.6 | 33.7% | 107,377.6 | 118,861.8 | 10. |
| International flights | Thousands | 37,504.7 | 40,841.8 | 45,085.5 | 47,616.5 | 48,792.1 | 20,096.3 | 35,890.7 | 50,155.5 | 39.7% | 50,155.5 | 55,171.0 | 10. |
| Domestic flights | Thousands | 37,273.5 | 41,923.8 | 45,360.1 | 49,668.9 | 53,706.4 | 28,265.1 | 44,433.9 | 57,222.1 | 28.8% | 57,222.1 | 63,690.8 | 11. |
| | Foreigr | visitors by a | ir and count | ry of national | ity or reside | nce (Unidad | de Política | Migratoria) | | | | | |
| | | 1 | | Country of | nationality | | | | | T | | | |
| otal air passengers by nationality | Thousands | 14,676.9 | 16,192.7 | 17,890.3 | 18,708.9 | 19,039.4 | 7,935.5 | 14,082.6 | 20,591.3 | 46.2% | 20,591.3 | 21,869.6 | 6. |
| Inited States of America | Thousands | 8,391.7 | 9,417.6 | 10,340.5 | 10,496.4 | 10,511.4 | 5,151.2 | 10,240.0 | 13,001.4 | 27.0% | 13,001.4 | 13,524.4 | 4. |
| Canada | Thousands | 1,748.5 | 1,781.5 | 1,985.1 | 2,155.4 | 2,309.5 | 975.7 | 503.6 | 1,759.4 | 249.4% | 1,759.4 | 2,468.1 | 40 |
| Colombia | Thousands | 407.4 | 439.7 | 485.4 | 557.6 | 602.8 | 169.7 | 454.9 | 858.8 | 88.8% | 858.8 | 735.2 | -14 |
| Inited Kingdom | Thousands | 506.0 | 545.1 | 563.1 | 590.9 | 581.2 | 103.9 | 125.4 | 565.7 | 351.2% | 565.7 | 496.7 | -12 |
| | | | | | | | | 221.2 | 366.1 | 65.5% | 366.1 | 366.5 | 0 |
| • | Thousands | 333.3 | 361.5 | 377.3 | 386.3 | 391.7 | 100.0 | 221.2 | | | | | |
| Spain | | | | Country o | f residence | | | | | ſ | | | 1 |
| otal air passengers per residence | Thousands | 14,217.1 | 15,693.8 | Country o 17,361.1 | f residence 18,138.9 | 18,464.8 | 7,704.5 | 13,717.1 | 20,030.1 | 46.0% | 20,030.1 | 19,458.0 | |
| pain Total air passengers per residence Inited States of America | Thousands Thousands | 14,217.1 8,604.6 | 15,693.8 9,643.9 | Country o 17,361.1 10,565.5 | f residence 18,138.9 10,748.2 | 18,464.8 10,775.2 | 7,704.5 5,291.0 | 13,717.1 10,455.9 | 13,391.2 | 28.1% | 13,391.2 | 12,431.9 | -7. |
| pain Total air passengers per residence Inited States of America Canada | Thousands Thousands Thousands | 14,217.1 8,604.6 1,707.8 | 15,693.8 9,643.9 1,734.6 | Country o 17,361.1 10,565.5 1,958.0 | f residence 18,138.9 10,748.2 2,168.0 | 18,464.8 10,775.2 2,296.1 | 7,704.5 5,291.0 948.3 | 13,717.1 10,455.9 461.1 | 13,391.2 1,678.1 | 28.1% 264.0% | 13,391.2 1,678.1 | 12,431.9 2,279.6 | -7 35 |
| ipain Total air passengers per residence Inited States of America Canada Colombia | Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands | 14,217.1 8,604.6 1,707.8 363.2 | 15,693.8 9,643.9 1,734.6 390.2 | Country o 17,361.1 10,565.5 1,958.0 430.0 | f residence 18,138.9 10,748.2 2,168.0 494.2 | 18,464.8 10,775.2 2,296.1 536.2 | 7,704.5 5,291.0 948.3 139.2 | 13,717.1 10,455.9 461.1 398.0 | 13,391.2 1,678.1 778.7 | 28.1% 264.0% 95.6% | 13,391.2 1,678.1 778.7 | 12,431.9 2,279.6 644.7 | -7 35 -17 |
| ipain Total air passengers per residence Inited States of America Canada Colombia | Thousands Thousands Thousands | 14,217.1 8,604.6 1,707.8 | 15,693.8 9,643.9 1,734.6 390.2 513.8 | Country o 17,361.1 10,565.5 1,958.0 430.0 531.9 | f residence 18,138.9 10,748.2 2,168.0 494.2 556.8 | 18,464.8 10,775.2 2,296.1 536.2 559.0 | 7,704.5 5,291.0 948.3 139.2 91.5 | 13,717.1 10,455.9 461.1 | 13,391.2 1,678.1 | 28.1% 264.0% | 13,391.2 1,678.1 778.7 540.4 | 12,431.9 2,279.6 | -7 35 -17 |
| ipain iotal air passengers per residence Inited States of America anada iolombia Inited Kingdom | Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands | 14,217.1 8,604.6 1,707.8 363.2 477.3 309.6 | 15,693.8 9,643.9 1,734.6 390.2 513.8 375.2 | Country o 17,361.1 10,565.5 1,958.0 430.0 531.9 451.3 | f residence 18,138.9 10,748.2 2,168.0 494.2 556.8 454.3 | 18,464.8 10,775.2 2,296.1 536.2 559.0 351.0 | 7,704.5 5,291.0 948.3 139.2 91.5 91.9 | 13,717.1 10,455.9 461.1 398.0 | 13,391.2 1,678.1 778.7 | 28.1% 264.0% 95.6% | 13,391.2 1,678.1 778.7 | 12,431.9 2,279.6 644.7 | -7 35 -17 -15 |
| ipain iotal air passengers per residence Inited States of America Canada Colombia Inited Kingdom Irgentina | Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands | 14,217.1 8,604.6 1,707.8 363.2 477.3 309.6 Movem | 15,693.8 9,643.9 1,734.6 390.2 513.8 375.2 ents cruise (| Country o 17,361.1 10,565.5 1,958.0 430.0 531.9 451.3 INEGI and SC | f residence 18,138.9 10,748.2 2,168.0 494.2 556.8 454.3 CT, Direcciór | 18,464.8 10,775.2 2,296.1 536.2 559.0 351.0 General de | 7,704.5 5,291.0 948.3 139.2 91.5 91.9 Puertos) | 13,717.1 10,455.9 461.1 398.0 105.1 89.0 | 13,391.2 1,678.1 778.7 540.4 276.2 | 28.1% 264.0% 95.6% 414.0% 210.1% | 13,391.2 1,678.1 778.7 540.4 276.2 | 12,431.9 2,279.6 644.7 455.8 283.4 | -7. 35. -17. -15. 2. |
| ipain iotal air passengers per residence Inited States of America Canada Colombia Inited Kingdom Irgentina | Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands | 14,217.1 8,604.6 1,707.8 363.2 477.3 309.6 Movem 6,114.8 | 15,693.8 9,643.9 1,734.6 390.2 513.8 375.2 ents cruise (6,694.6 | Country o 17,361.1 10,565.5 1,958.0 430.0 531.9 451.3 INEGI and SC 7,680.6 | f residence 18,138.9 10,748.2 2,168.0 494.2 556.8 454.3 CT, Direcciór 9,003.4 | 18,464.8 10,775.2 2,296.1 536.2 559.0 351.0 General de 9,094.7 | 7,704.5 5,291.0 948.3 139.2 91.5 91.9 Puertos) 2,580.4 | 13,717.1 10,455.9 461.1 398.0 105.1 89.0 1,753.8 | 13,391.2 1,678.1 778.7 540.4 276.2 7,075.2 | 28.1% 264.0% 95.6% 414.0% 210.1% 303.4% | 13,391.2 1,678.1 778.7 540.4 276.2 7,075 | 12,431.9 2,279.6 644.7 455.8 283.4 9,198 | -7. 35. -17. -15. 2. 30. |
| ipain iotal air passengers per residence hited States of America canada colombia hited Kingdom urgentina Passenger in cruices | Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands | 14,217.1 8,604.6 1,707.8 363.2 477.3 309.6 Movem | 15,693.8 9,643.9 1,734.6 390.2 513.8 375.2 ents cruise (6,694.6 2,269.0 | Country o 17,361.1 10,565.5 1,958.0 430.0 531.9 451.3 INEGI and SO 7,680.6 2,558.0 | f residence 18,138.9 10,748.2 2,168.0 494.2 556.8 454.3 CT, Direcciór 9,003.4 2,671.0 | 18,464.8 10,775.2 2,296.1 536.2 559.0 351.0 General de 9,094.7 2,951.0 | 7,704.5 5,291.0 948.3 139.2 91.5 91.9 Puertos) | 13,717.1 10,455.9 461.1 398.0 105.1 89.0 | 13,391.2 1,678.1 778.7 540.4 276.2 | 28.1% 264.0% 95.6% 414.0% 210.1% | 13,391.2 1,678.1 778.7 540.4 276.2 | 12,431.9 2,279.6 644.7 455.8 283.4 | -7. 35. -17. -15. 2. 30. |
| Spain Total air passengers per residence Jhited States of America Sanada Solombia Jhited Kingdom krgentina Passenger in cruices | Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands | 14,217.1 8,604.6 1,707.8 363.2 477.3 309.6 Movem 6,114.8 | 15,693.8 9,643.9 1,734.6 390.2 513.8 375.2 ents cruise (6,694.6 2,269.0 | Country o 17,361.1 10,565.5 1,958.0 430.0 531.9 451.3 INEGI and SC 7,680.6 2,558.0 Hotel busine | f residence 18,138.9 10,748.2 2,168.0 494.2 556.8 454.3 CT, Direcciór 9,003.4 2,671.0 | 18,464.8 10,775.2 2,296.1 536.2 559.0 351.0 General de 9,094.7 2,951.0 | 7,704.5 5,291.0 948.3 139.2 91.5 91.9 Puertos) 2,580.4 | 13,717.1 10,455.9 461.1 398.0 105.1 89.0 1,753.8 | 13,391.2 1,678.1 778.7 540.4 276.2 7,075.2 | 28.1% 264.0% 95.6% 414.0% 210.1% 303.4% | 13,391.2 1,678.1 778.7 540.4 276.2 7,075 | 12,431.9 2,279.6 644.7 455.8 283.4 9,198 | -7. 35. -17. -15. 2. 30. |
| Spain Total air passengers per residence Inited States of America Canada Solombia Julited Kingdom Argentina Passenger in cruices Cruise's arrivals | Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands | 14,217.1 8,604.6 1,707.8 363.2 477.3 309.6 Movem 6,114.8 2,179.0 | 15,693.8 9,643.9 1,734.6 390.2 513.8 375.2 ents cruise (6,694.6 2,269.0 60.4% | Country o 17,361.1 10,565.5 1,958.0 430.0 531.9 451.3 INEGI and SC 7,680.6 2,558.0 Hotel busine 61.2% | f residence 18,138.9 10,748.2 2,168.0 494.2 556.8 454.3 CT, Direcciór 9,003.4 2,671.0 ss* (SECTUF 61.0% | 18,464.8 10,775.2 2,296.1 536.2 559.0 351.0 General de 9,094.7 2,951.0 8) 60.2% | 7,704.5 5,291.0 948.3 139.2 91.5 91.9 Puertos) 2,580.4 865.0 | 13,717.1 10,455.9 461.1 398.0 105.1 89.0 1,753.8 844.0 41.3% | 13,391.2 1,678.1 778.7 540.4 276.2 7,075.2 2,666.0 56.8% | 28.1% 264.0% 95.6% 414.0% 210.1% 303.4% 215.9% 15.5 | 13,391.2 1,678.1 778.7 540.4 276.2 7,075 2,666 56.8 | 12,431.9 2,279.6 644.7 455.8 283.4 9,198 2,743 59.6 | -7. 35. -17. -15. 2. 30. 2. |
| Spain Total air passengers per residence Inited States of America Canada Colombia Jhited Kingdom Argentina Passenger in cruices Cruise's arrivals Percentaje of hotel accupation | Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands | 14,217.1 8,604.6 1,707.8 363.2 477.3 309.6 Movem 6,114.8 2,179.0 | 15,693.8 9,643.9 1,734.6 390.2 513.8 375.2 ents cruise (6,694.6 2,269.0 | Country o 17,361.1 10,565.5 1,958.0 430.0 531.9 451.3 INEGI and SC 7,680.6 2,558.0 Hotel busine 61.2% 80,339.0 | f residence 18,138.9 10,748.2 2,168.0 494.2 556.8 454.3 CT, Direcciór 9,003.4 2,671.0 ss* (SECTUF 61.0% 83,238.0 | 18,464.8 10,775.2 2,296.1 536.2 559.0 351.0 General de 9,094.7 2,951.0 8 (60.2% 84,819.0 | 7,704.5 5,291.0 948.3 139.2 91.5 91.9 Puertos) 2,580.4 865.0 865.0 26.0% 38,006.0 | 13,717.1 10,455.9 461.1 398.0 105.1 89.0 1,753.8 844.0 41.3% 60,994.0 | 13,391.2 1,678.1 778.7 540.4 276.2 7,075.2 2,666.0 | 28.1% 264.0% 95.6% 414.0% 210.1% 303.4% 215.9% | 13,391.2 1,678.1 778.7 540.4 276.2 7,075 2,666 56.8 81,926 | 12,431.9 2,279.6 644.7 455.8 283.4 9,198 2,743 9,198 2,743 59.6 86,053 | -2. -7. 35. -17. -15. 2. 30. 2. 2. 5. |
| Fotal air passengers per residence Jnited States of America Canada Colombia Jnited Kingdom Argentina Passenger in cruices Cruise's arrivals Percentaje of hotel accupation Arrival of tourists to hotel rooms | Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands Thousands Percentage Percentage | 14,217.1 8,604.6 1,707.8 363.2 477.3 309.6 Movem 6,114.8 2,179.0 | 15,693.8 9,643.9 1,734.6 390.2 513.8 375.2 ents cruise (6,694.6 2,269.0 60.4% | Country o 17,361.1 10,565.5 1,958.0 430.0 531.9 451.3 INEGI and SC 7,680.6 2,558.0 Hotel busine 61.2% 80,339.0 | f residence 18,138.9 10,748.2 2,168.0 494.2 556.8 454.3 CT, Direcciór 9,003.4 2,671.0 ss* (SECTUF 61.0% | 18,464.8 10,775.2 2,296.1 536.2 559.0 351.0 General de 9,094.7 2,951.0 8 (60.2% 84,819.0 | 7,704.5 5,291.0 948.3 139.2 91.5 91.9 Puertos) 2,580.4 865.0 865.0 26.0% 38,006.0 | 13,717.1 10,455.9 461.1 398.0 105.1 89.0 1,753.8 844.0 41.3% 60,994.0 | 13,391.2 1,678.1 778.7 540.4 276.2 7,075.2 2,666.0 56.8% | 28.1% 264.0% 95.6% 414.0% 210.1% 303.4% 215.9% 15.5 | 13,391.2 1,678.1 778.7 540.4 276.2 7,075 2,666 56.8 81,926 | 12,431.9 2,279.6 644.7 455.8 283.4 9,198 2,743 59.6 | -7. 355. -17. -15. 2. 30. 2. 30. 2. |

* A report from the Hotel Occupancy monitored weekly in 70 centers. Changes in percentage points in the case of hotel occupancy.

** Quarterly figures, excluding induced employment. For annual percentage change data for the last quarter of the current year compared to the last quarter of the previous year.

Sources: Central Bank, AFAC e INEGI, UPM, SEMAR, SECTUR.

N.C. Not Comparable









Macroeconomic Perspectives About Key Indicators

| Entity | | estic Product owth % | Inflation (% dec/dec) | | |
|---------------------------------------------|---------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------|--|
| | 2024 | 2025 | 2024 | 2025 | |
| International Monetary Fund | 2.14 | 1.46 | 3.19 | 3.00 | |
| OECD | 2.50 | 2.00 | 3.90 | 3.20 | |
| Bank of Mexico Survey* | 2.40 | 1.94 | 4.17 | 3.71 | |
| Ministry of the Treasury and Public Credit* | 2.5-3.5 | 2.0-3.0 | 5.00 | 4.00 | |

* For the case of the Banco de México survey, the variation in GDP and inflation considers expectations from the median and in the case of the SHCP rank result.

Source: IMF, World Economic Outlook (October, 2023); OECD Economic Outlook, Ene 2024; Bank of Mexico, Expectations Survey Economic Specialist Private

Sector (01/02/2024). Ministry of Finance, General Economic Criteria 2024.









Economic Indicators

| Concepts | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | jan 23 | feb-23 | mar-23 | apr-23 | may-23 | jun-23 | jul-23 | aug-23 | sep-23 | oct-23 | nov-23 | dec-23 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|--------|------------|--------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| | | | G | eneral Econom | ic Activity and | d Services Ide | entified with T | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Gross Don | nestic Produc | :t | | | | | | | | | |
| Millions of current pesos | 25,143,108 | 24,081,766 | 26,619,086 | 29,452,832 | | | 30,253,678 | | | 31,407,046 | | | | | | |
| Constant prices annual variations in % | -0.3 | -8.6 | 5.7 | 3.9 | | | 3.5 | | | 3.4 | | | | | | |
| | ľ | | G | eneral Econom | ic Activity and | d Services Ide | entified with 1 | ourism | | | | | | | | |
| Tertiary activities | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - Air Transportation (481) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| . Millions of current pesos | 75,496 | 31,262 | 67,553 | 101,881 | | | 99,262 | | | 103,783 | | | 135,276 | | | |
| . Constant prices annual variations in % | 8.2 | (46.4) | 52.1 | 28.4 | | | 20.7 | | | 9.3 | | | 12.2 | | | |
| Temporary Lodging Services (721) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| . Millions of current pesos | 268,500 | 123,104 | 196,140 | 304,897 | | | 339,032 | | | 340,679 | | | 330,277 | | | |
| . Constant prices annual variations in % | 1.4 | (55.4) | 63.9 | 35.6 | | | 17.8 | | | 3.3 | | | 3.1 | | | |
| Food and Beverages Preparation Services (722) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| . Millions of current pesos | 355,977 | 258,171 | 306,047 | 363,267 | | | 367,271 | | | 385,003 | | | 417,650 | | | |
| . Constant prices annual variations in % | 1.4 | (31.4) | 14.4 | 11.9 | | | (2.4) | | | (1.2) | | | 2.9 | | | |
| | | | | Qua | rterly Indicator | s of Tourism | Activity * | | | | | | | | | |
| Tourism GDP | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| . Annual variations in % | -0.7 | -25.8 | 17.9 | 13.8 | | | 3.6 | | | 4.3 | | | 7.8 | | | |
| Internal tourism consumption | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| . Annual variations in % | 1.2 | -26.8 | 15.0 | 10.7 | | | 2.9 | | | -0.7 | | | 0.0 | | | |
| Domestic tourism consumption | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| . Annual variations in % | 1.3 | -22.2 | 9.4 | 8.0 | | | 1.4 | | | 2.4 | | | 4.8 | | | |
| Inbound tourism consumption | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| . Annual variations in % | 0.2 | -50.0 | 58.7 | 25.1 | | _ | 9.1 | | | -14.3 | | | -23.2 | | | |
| | | | | Unemployr | nent National F | Rate ** (closin | g of the period |) | | | | | | | | |
| Total Percentage of PEA | 2.91 | 3.79 | 3.51 | 2.76 | 3.00 | 2.72 | 2.39 | 2.82 | 2.93 | 2.65 | 3.13 | 2.96 | 2.88 | 2.75 | 2.71 | 2 |
| | | | | To | urism Prices** | * and Exchang | e Rate | | | | | | | | | |
| ational Price Index (closing of the period) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| onsumer (percent variation) | 2.83 | 3.15 | 7.36 | 7.82 | 7.91 | 7.62 | 6.85 | 6.25 | 5.84 | 5.06 | 4.79 | 4.64 | 4.45 | 4.26 | 4.32 | 4 |
| ourism (percent variation) | 3.61 | -4.17 | 12.60 | 6.24 | 10.49 | 11.08 | 10.05 | 4.48 | 5.37 | 5.91 | 7.69 | 7.87 | 7.80 | 9.25 | 8.24 | 8 |
| . Air transport (percent variation) | -3.24 | -26.59 | 52.09 | -3.61 | 22.79 | 19.82 | 7.36 | -14.85 | -8.59 | -2.95 | 8.96 | 11.26 | 12.90 | 22.21 | 19.85 | 26 |
| . Hotel (percent variation) | 3.21 | -6.77 | 8.59 | 10.03 | 10.08 | 10.77 | 11.12 | 9.09 | 8.95 | 8.93 | 8.55 | 8.15 | 7.72 | 7.16 | 6.66 | 5 |
| . Package Tourist Services (percent variation) | 1.21 | -9.11 | 16.13 | 8.34 | 12.39 | 13.40 | 13.34 | 2.56 | 4.02 | 3.21 | 4.45 | 4.40 | 3.57 | 7.18 | 4.01 | 3 |
| . Restaurants (percent variation) | 5.95 | 5.88 | 6.58 | 11.55 | 11.04 | 11.47 | 11.48 | 10.96 | 10.59 | 10.08 | 9.95 | 9.78 | 9.67 | 8.99 | 8.93 | 8 |
| . Highway fees (percent variation) | 3.21 | 2.28 | 2.85 | 0.14 | 0.14 | 3.63 | 8.61 | 9.40 | 9.40 | 9.40 | 9.40 | 9.42 | 9.44 | 9.44 | 10.57 | 11 |
| . Foreign bus (percent variation) | 8.60 | 7.84 | 5.28 | 8.45 | 8.41 | 8.30 | 7.64 | 7.27 | 5.72 | 4.79 | 5.08 | 4.98 | 4.79 | 4.49 | 3.48 | 4 |
| | | | | | Exchange Ra | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Average of the period | 19.257 | 21.494 | 20.279 | 20.119 | 18.986 | 18.599 | 18.375 | 18.086 | 17.737 | 17.241 | 16.905 | 16.977 | 17.308 | 18.082 | 17.377 | 17. |
| | | | Busir | ess Cycle Indica | tors and Cons | umer Confider | nce (montly dif | ference****) | | | | | | | | |
| Coincident Indicator | -0.18 | 0.05 | 0.19 | 0.05 | 0.09 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.01 | -0.01 | -0.03 | -0.03 | -0.05 | N |
| Forward Indicator | 0.38 | 0.31 | -0.10 | 0.05 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.08 | 0.06 | 0.03 | -0.01 | -0.03 | -0.03 | 0.01 | 0 |

. Confidence Consumer Index

N.A. Not available.

Note: The sum of the monthly data does not coincide with the accumulated of the period, due to the rounding of figures.

* Annual data. Base figures 2018

** Percentage of the total economically active population. For annual and monthly figures data at the end of period and, period average for quarterly information

*** (Base index second half of July 2018=100) For end-of-year consumer prices and tourism prices, annual changes and for monthly data the change is the same month previous y

-0.46

0.43

-0.06

0.19

0.21

0.18

0.14

0.12

0.12

0.12

0.11

0.08

0.05

0.02

0.01

0.00

**** Monthly point difference (end of period).

Sources: SECTUR, NEGI, Anáhuac University, Bank of Mexic

